

**Syllabus reference 1MA1/1F**  
**Pearson Edexcel GCSE (9–1)**  
**Mathematics**

**Mathematics**  
**PAPER 1 (Non-Calculator)**  
**Foundation Tier**

**November 2022 Assessment Window**

# **Foundation Tier**

# **Formulae Sheet**

**DO NOT RETURN THIS  
FORMULAE SHEET WITH THE  
QUESTION PAPER.**

## Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

### Perimeter, area and volume

Where **a** and **b** are the lengths of the parallel sides and **h** is their perpendicular separation:

$$\text{Area of a trapezium} = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$$

Volume of a prism = area of cross section  $\times$  length

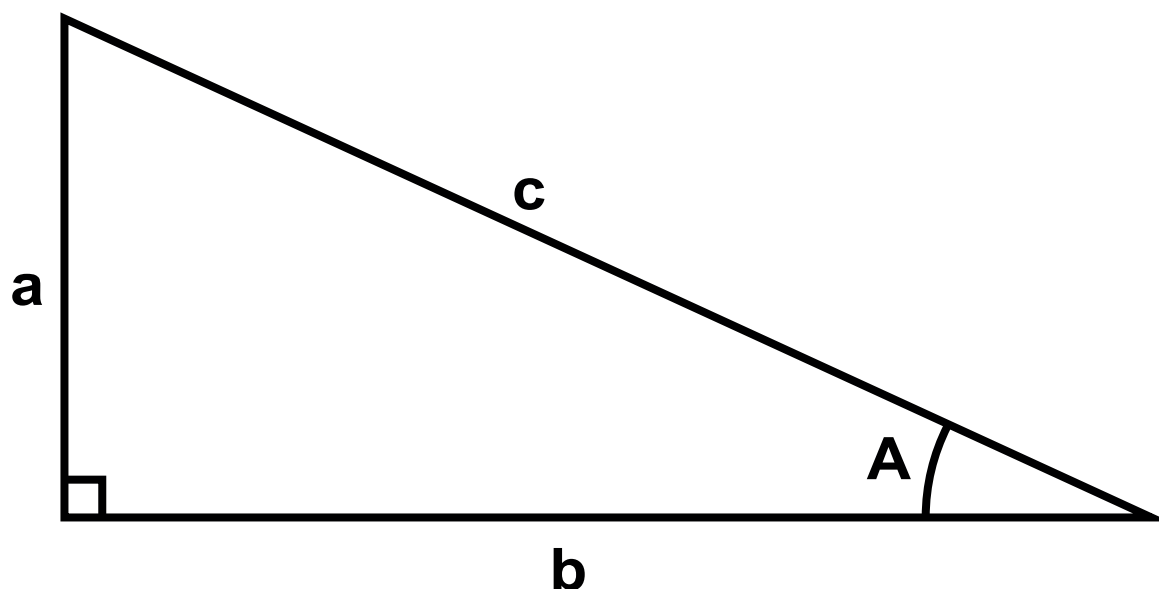
Where **r** is the radius and **d** is the diameter:

$$\text{Circumference of a circle} = 2\pi r = \pi d$$

$$\text{Area of a circle} = \pi r^2$$

# Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

## Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry



In any right-angled triangle where **a**, **b** and **c** are the length of the sides and **c** is the hypotenuse:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

In any right-angled triangle **ABC** where **a**, **b** and **c** are the length of the sides and **c** is the hypotenuse:

$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c} \quad \cos A = \frac{b}{c} \quad \tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$

# Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

## Compound Interest

Where **P** is the principal amount, **r** is the interest rate over a given period and **n** is number of times that the interest is compounded:

$$\text{Total accrued} = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

# Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

## Probability

Where  $P(A)$  is the probability of outcome  $A$  and  $P(B)$  is the probability of outcome  $B$ :

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

---

**END OF EXAM AID**

---